

Rank Theorem and Trace Homework

Due Friday April 3

1. Prove the Rank Theorem, $\dim(C(\mathbf{A})) + \dim(N(\mathbf{A})) = n$ for any $m \times n$ matrix \mathbf{A} , by using a basis argument like that used in lecture to prove $\dim(U+W) = \dim U + \dim W - \dim(U \cap W)$. Do not use a leading one/RREF argument. Hint: Take any basis $\{\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_p\}$ for $N(\mathbf{A})$, extend to a basis $\{\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_n\}$ for \mathbb{C}^n , and then think about the set $\{\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_{p+1}, \dots, \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_n\}$.
2. Let \mathbf{A} be an $m \times n$ matrix. Prove that \mathbf{A} and $\mathbf{A}^t \mathbf{A}$ have the same null space. Hint: use the facts that $\|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}\|^2 = (\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x})^t \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}$ and $\|\mathbf{y}\| = 0$ if and only if $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{0}$.
3. Let \mathbf{A} be an $m \times n$ matrix. Prove that \mathbf{A} and $\mathbf{A}^t \mathbf{A}$ have the same rank. Hint: use the Rank Theorem.
4. Let \mathbf{A} be an $m \times n$ matrix with $\text{rank } \mathbf{A} = n$. Prove that $\mathbf{A}^t \mathbf{A}$ is invertible. Hint: use the result in exercise 3.
5. Prove that the trace of \mathbf{A} equals the trace of \mathbf{A}^T , for any $n \times n$ matrix \mathbf{A} .
6. Prove that the $\text{tr}(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}) = \text{tr}(\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A})$, where \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} are $n \times n$ matrices. Hint: use the definition of matrix multiplication $(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B})_{ij} = a_{i1}b_{1j} + \dots + a_{in}b_{nj} = \sum_{k=1}^n a_{ik}b_{kj}$.